J.A. Lenstra, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Utrecht University, Netherlands

- Ca. 0.7 G taurine cattle
- Ca. 0.8 G zebus
- 350 kg/animal
- 500 x 10¹² g biomass for the combined subspecies: more than any other animal species

followed by the antarctic krill







J.A. Lenstra, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Utrecht University, Netherlands

- **1. Southeast-Asian cattle species**
- 2. On the origin of Indonesian and Thai cattle zebu, banteng
- 3. On the origin of Chinese cattle zebu, banteng, gayal
- 4. On the origin of Cambodian cattle kouprey
- 5. Perspectives in science and agriculture



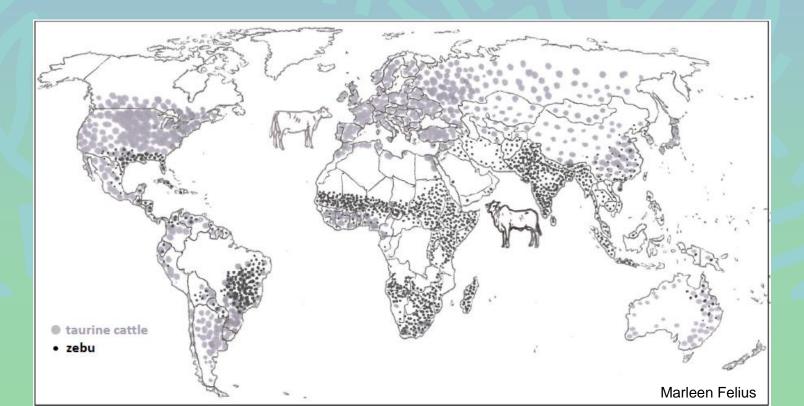


J.A. Lenstra,

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Utrecht University, Netherlands

Zebu (*Bos indicus*) hump, dewlap, slender loose skin

1. Southeast-Asian cattle species tropical adaptation



J.A. Lenstra,

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Utrecht University, Netherlands

Zebu (Bos indicus) hump, dewlap, slender 1. Southeast-Asian cattle species tropical adaptation

> Bali cattle (Bos javanicus) domestic banteng compact

> > Gayal/Mithun (*Bos frontalis*) domestic gaur stocky

> > > Kouprey (*Bos sauveli*) extinct





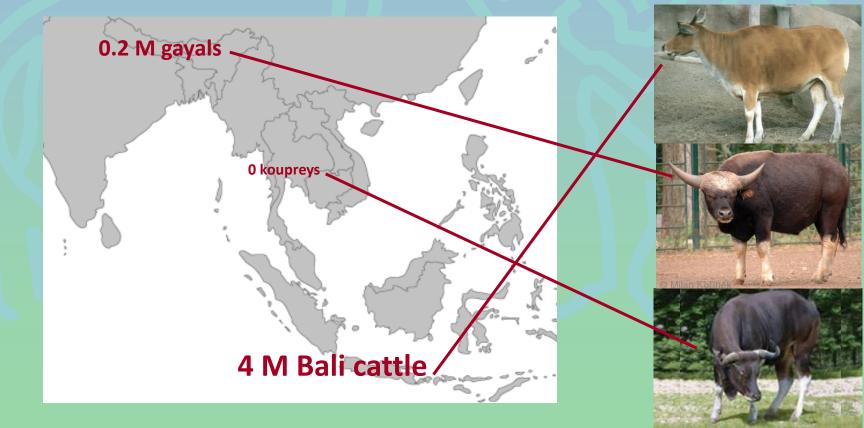


J.A. Lenstra,

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1. Southeast-Asian cattle species tropical adaptation





J.A. Lenstra,

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Utrecht University, Netherlands

1. Southeast-Asian cattle species tropical adaptation

Crossing of Bos species:

- Zebu × taurine: fertile taurindicine
- Other crosses:
 - female offspring fertile
 - male offspring sterile
- Spontaneous (anomalous mtDNA phylogeny)
- Fouprey Kouprey Terminal cross (gayal × zebu, yak × taurine)
- > Hybrid breed





J.A. Lenstra, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Utrecht University, Netherlands

- **1. Southeast-Asian cattle species**
- 2. On the origin of Indonesian and Thai cattle







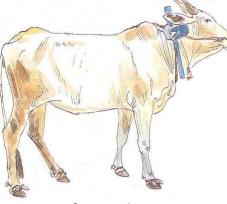
J.A. Lenstra, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Utrecht University, Netherlands

- **1. Southeast-Asian cattle species**
- 2. On the origin of Indonesian cattle

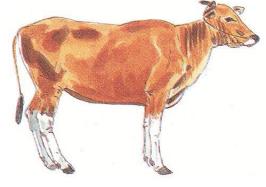








Indonesian Ongole zebu



Bali cattle

Marleen Felius

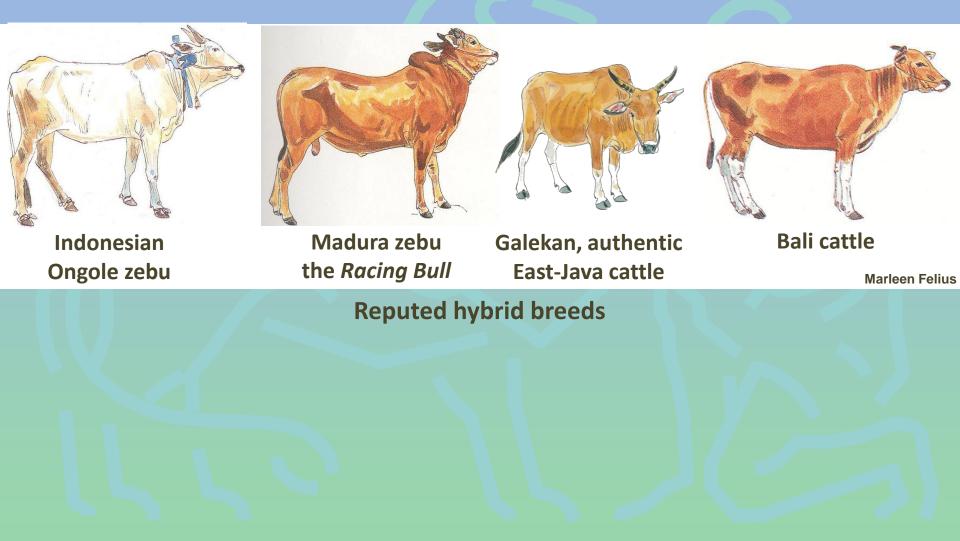
Indian zebu brought by Singalese immigrants, 1500 years ago?



Bull Nandi, Prambanan, ~850 A.D.

 Ongole imported by Dutch government around 1900

- Domestic banteng
- Earlier than zebu: 3500 BC
- Little difference with wild ancestor; large feral population in North Australia
- Indonesian bulls dark brown, continental bulls as light as females
- Tropical adaptation with normal body size
- Extensive management, highly fertile, deer-like temperament, tender meat





Indonesian Ongole zebu

Madura zebu the *Racing Bull*

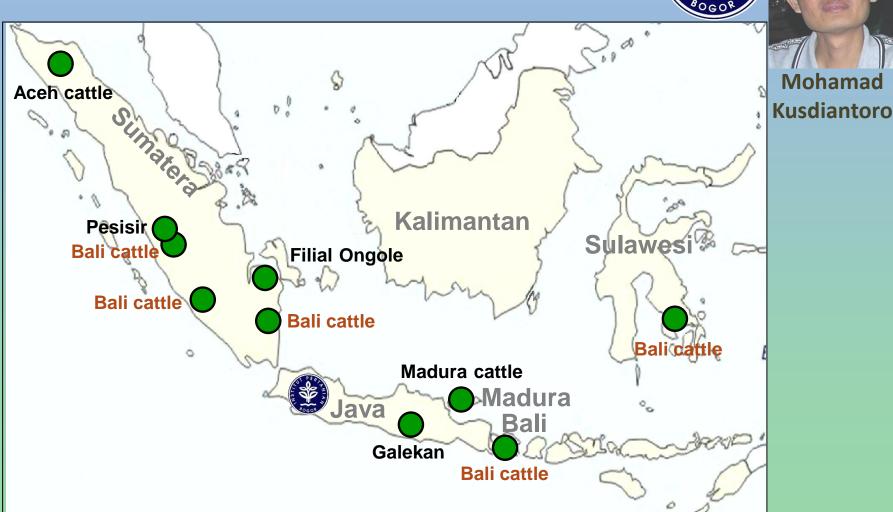
Galekan, authentic East-Java cattle

Bali cattle

Species composition?

- How pure are the Indonesian zebus?
- How pure is Bali cattle?
- Hybrid breeds?
- → species origin: maternal, paternal lineages, autosomes
- → unique conservation value?
- → agricultural potential?





- ✓ Sample collection Bogor
- ✓ DNA isolation Utrecht
- ✓ mtDNA analysis Utrecht
- ✓ Y-chromosomal analysis- Utrecht
- ✓ microsatellites Uppsala







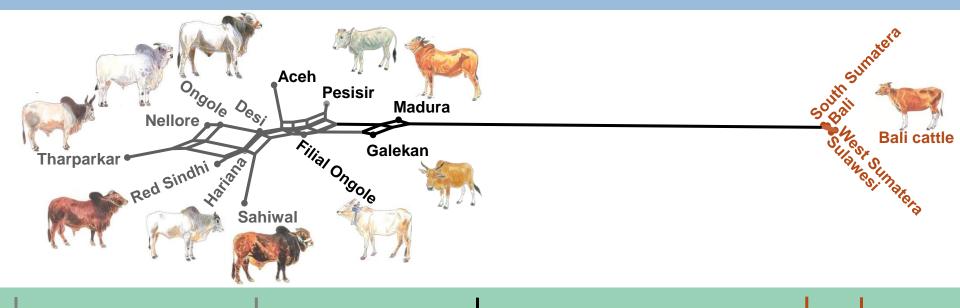






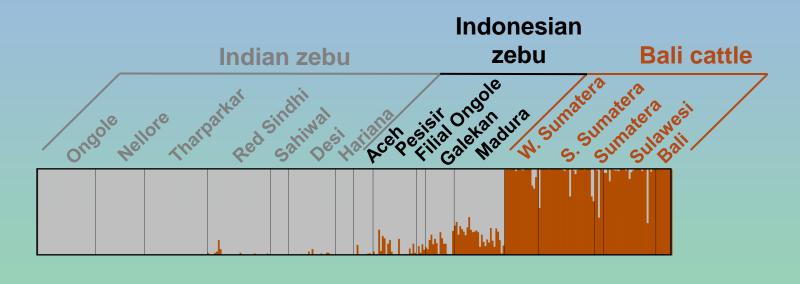
Göran Andersson Mia Olsson

microsatellite allele frequencies » genetic distances of Indonesian breeds » network



Indian zebu (data from Dan Bradley, Dublin) Indonesian zebu: intermediate banteng

microsatellite data > *Structure* program > banteng/zebu ratios of individual animals



100 % zebu individual	banteng-zebu hybrid	100 % banteng individual
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zebu-banteng ratios











zebu-banteng ratios / mt: maternal origin / Y: paternal origin



Indonesian Ongole zebu Madura zebu the *racing bull* Galekan, authentic East-Java cattle Bali cattle domestic banteng

- Bali cattle populations still purely banteng
- Zebu bulls descend from Indian zebu bulls; most zebu cows descend from Indian zebu cows, but clear banteng introgression
- Galekan and ~half of Madura cattle descend from zebu bull × banteng cow crosses: javindicine hybrid breeds
- > Valuable genetic uniqueness of Indonesian cattle

zebu-banteng ratios / mt: maternal origin / Y: paternal origin



Indonesian Ongole zebu

Madura zebu the *racing bull* Galekan, authentic East-Java cattle Bali cattle domestic banteng

- **Banteng component possibly of wider interest**
 - sustainable agriculture under tropical conditions: alternative for zebu
 - ✓ high fertility
 - survives on low-quality fodder
 - excellent tender meat



- Local breed
- Banteng influence supposed
- Not yet investigated
- > Sampling the most difficult part

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Chinese cattle: more than taurine and zebu



Gayal (Bos frontalis)

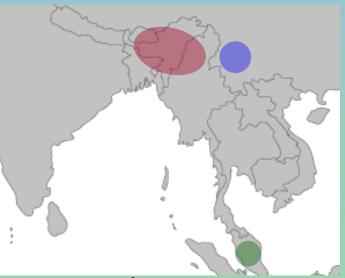


Gaur (Bos gaurus)



Selembu (zebu × gayal)

- Domestic form of gaur
- In East India and Northern Myanmar
- Kept for status and ceremonial slaughter
- In Malaysia, terminal cross with zebu: highly productive dairy and beef selembu
- Yunnan gayal in China: zebu and taurine mtDNA (Gou *et al.*, 2010, JABG 127, 154-160) » bred by incrossing by gayal bulls: why??



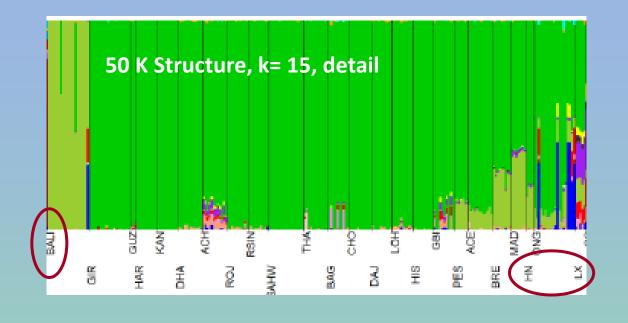
Chinese cattle: more than taurine and zebu

- Yellow cattle = all taurine and zebu cattle
- North China: taurine autosomes mtDNA, Y-chromosomes
- South China: zebu autosomes mtDNA, Y-chromosomes
- North-south cline with all possible intermediate taurindicice combinations



• Decker et al., 2014, PNAS, 50K SNP: Indonesian Pesisir and Aceh and the Chinese Hainan and Luxi breeds also have Bali ancestry

Chinese cattle: more than taurine and zebu





- Decker et al., 2014, PLoS Genetics, e1004254, 50K SNP: Indonesian Pesisir and Aceh and the Chinese Hainan and Luxi breeds also have Bali ancestry [banteng ancestry]
- Gayal instead of banteng not at all yet excluded
- Random introgression of specific genes conferring adaptation?

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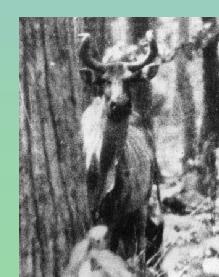






The mysterious Cambodian kouprey

- Discovered in 1937 as separate species
- Not been observed since 1988
- Hunting expeditions without success



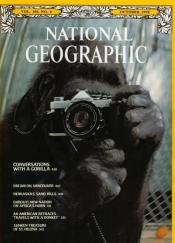
Kouprey: species status debated

Mitochondrial DNA: similar to continental banteng
» proposed to be a zebu-banteng hybrid

Galbreath, Mordacq & Weiler, 2006. Genetically solving a zoological mystery: was the kouprey a feral hybrid? Implication: do not conserve!

Debate in National Geographics

"There are several other scenarios that would explain their finding equally well," said Hans Lenstra, associate professor of genetics at Utrecht University in the Netherlands. "If the kouprey is of mixed-species origin, hybridization with domestic zebus is just one of the possibilities. Maybe, maybe not." "No genetic mystery has been solved," Lenstra said. "For this, additional research would be required, such as a comparison of paternally transmitted Y-chromosomal sequences of kouprey with those of banteng and zebu."



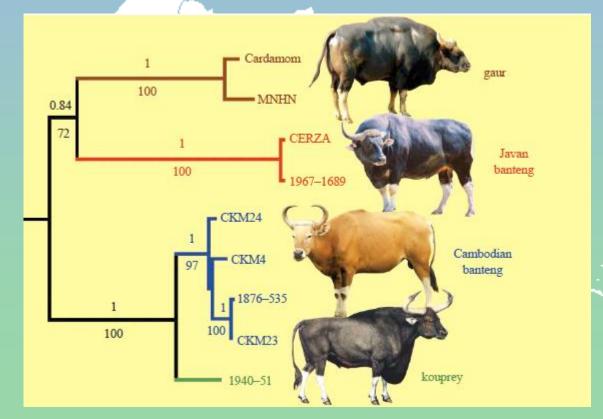


Kouprey: species status debated

 Distinct nuclear genes and mtDNA; Pleistocene maternal introgression of kouprey -> continental banteng

» kouprey again a separate species

Hassanin & Ropiquet, 2007. Resolving a zoological mystery: the kouprey is a real species



Kouprey: species status debated

 Museum specimen from 1871 has kouprey DNA, but looks like domestic cattle

Hassanin, Ropiquet, Cornette, Tranier, Pfeffer, Candegabe & Lemaire (2006) Has the kouprey been domesticated in Cambodia?



Kouprey from Vincennes Zoo, † 1940



Bourges museum, France

- Reports on the use of semi-feral oxes in rice
- Main problem: sampling
- If substantial random kouprey introgression: de-extinction by selective breeding for kouprey genes??

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- **1. Southeast-Asian cattle species**
- 2. On the origin of Indonesian and Thai cattle
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- 4. On the origin of Cambodian cattle
- 5. Cattle: also banteng, gayal, kouprey, yak If useful in Asia, why not elsewhere?
 - extensive management as beef cattle
 - incrossing and selection (cf. taurindicine breeds)
 - terminal crossing (newest trend in industrial agriculture, heterosis)



